

NR547 Week 1 Quiz

1. 1. Why are social determinants of health (SDOH) important in mental health?
- A. Social determinants of health describe “well-being in which every individual realizes his or her own potential causes” of poor health.
 - B. Social determinants of health describe “adverse childhood experiences” (ACES).
 - C. Social determinants of health describe “the causes of the causes” of poor health.
 - D. Social determinants of health are described in this country’s founding document as an “inalienable right.”

Correct Answer: C

2. 2. Why does First (2014) state that ruling out a general medical etiology is one of the most important and difficult distinctions in psychiatric differential diagnosis?
- A. General medical conditions can be the result of psychiatric complications.
 - B. General medication conditions, especially chronic conditions, result in depression.
 - C. General medical conditions can have complications which result in psychiatric symptoms.

Correct Answer: C

3. 3. A client presents to the office requesting a refill of a benzodiazepine, alprazolam. The PMHNP suspects diversion and orders a urine drug screen. The urine drug screen is negative for benzodiazepines and positive for cocaine. The PMHNP interprets the test as which of the following?
- A. The client has not taken any benzodiazepines in the last 2 days but has used cocaine in the last week.
 - B. The client has not taken any benzodiazepines in the last 3 days but has used cocaine in the last 8 hours.
 - C. The client has not taken any benzodiazepines in the last 2 days but has used cocaine in the last 5 days.
 - D. The client has not taken any benzodiazepines in the last 3 days but has used cocaine in the last week.

Correct Answer: D
