

1. During a well-child visit, a parent asks when infants can begin receiving the influenza vaccine. The NP responds:

- A) At birth
- B) 2 months
- C) 6 months
- D) 12 months

2. A toddler presents with peeling paint in an older home. The best prevention strategy is:

- A) Hand sanitizer use
- B) Avoiding playgrounds
- C) Wet-mopping floors and windowsills
- D) Switching to bottled water

3. A parent refuses vaccines for their 3-year-old. The NP's best first action is:

- A) Document refusal and provide education
- B) Ask the family to leave the practice
- C) Notify public health officials
- D) Force vaccination under informed consent

4. A child has a fever but appears alert, eating well, and playing. This suggests the fever is likely:

- A) Malignant hyperthermia
- B) Noninfectious
- C) Physiologic response to illness
- D) A medical emergency

5. A 4-month-old should sleep:

- A) Prone
- B) On back in an empty crib
- C) In a car seat
- D) On side with support

6. A 10-year-old's mother reports frequent nosebleeds and peeling paint exposure. Your priority is:

- A) Check blood pressure
- B) Screen for lead
- C) Order a CBC
- D) Reassure parent

7. An NP providing blood pressure screening at a community event is performing:

- A) Primary prevention
- B) Secondary prevention
- C) Tertiary prevention
- D) Quaternary prevention

8. An immune response from receiving a tetanus vaccine is:

- A) Passive natural

- B) Passive artificial
- C) Active artificial
- D) Active natural

9. The VFC program includes children who:

- A) Lack transportation
- B) Are homeschooled
- C) Are uninsured or Medicaid-eligible
- D) Have no vaccine record

10. A parent asks why newborns receive vitamin K. The NP explains it is to:

- A) Prevent anemia
- B) Prevent bleeding disorders
- C) Improve immunity
- D) Protect the liver

11. A child recovering from measles complications is receiving tertiary care by:

- A) Getting vaccinated
- B) Undergoing rehab therapy
- C) Receiving screening labs
- D) Doing routine check-ups

12. A 3-year-old drinks water exclusively from a leaded well source. The NP's priority is:

- A) Dental evaluation
- B) Behavioral screening
- C) Lead testing
- D) Fluoride supplements

13. A baby exposed to maternal HIV receives antiretroviral prophylaxis. This is:

- A) Passive natural immunity
- B) Secondary prevention
- C) Passive artificial immunity
- D) Tertiary prevention

14. Recommended minimum age for first MMR dose:

- A) 6 months
- B) 9 months
- C) 12 months
- D) 18 months

15. A child in the PICU with multi-organ trauma is receiving what level of care?

- A) Primary
- B) Secondary
- C) Tertiary
- D) Quaternary

16. The NP advises that for SIDS prevention, the room temperature should be:

- A) Cool enough for parent comfort
- B) Warm with soft blankets
- C) Slightly overheated to keep baby warm
- D) No warmer than comfortable for a lightly clothed adult

17. The NP teaches parents to keep hot water heaters below:

- A) 90°F
- B) 100°F
- C) 120°F
- D) 150°F

18. A mother gives honey to her 4-month-old. The NP warns about risk for:

- A) Botulism
- B) Diabetes
- C) Allergies
- D) Failure to thrive

19. A 6-year-old eating paint chips presents with abdominal pain. First step:

- A) Treat constipation
- B) CBC
- C) Lead level
- D) CT scan

20. A mother asks why her newborn sleeps so much. The NP explains normal newborn sleep is:

- A) 8–10 hrs/day
- B) 10–14 hrs/day
- C) 14–17 hrs/day
- D) 20–22 hrs/day

21. HPV vaccine can begin at:

- A) Birth
- B) 6 months
- C) 9 years
- D) 16 years

22. A child who received HBIG at birth is protected via:

- A) Artificial active immunity
- B) Artificial passive immunity
- C) Natural passive immunity
- D) Natural active immunity

23. A parent wants to delay vaccines because “the baby is teething.” NP response:

- A) Delay vaccines
- B) Provide vaccines as scheduled